

Revision Date: 18 Dec., 2019

Page 1 of 13

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE

**COMPANY / UNDERTAKING** 

1.1. PRODUCT IDENTIFIER

Product Name: OptiCool-H Fluid

Product Description: Synthetic Heat Transfer Fluid

1.2. RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND USES ADVISED AGAINST

Intended Use: For use as a dielectric heat transfer fluid for electrical and electronic insulation and cooling

Identified Uses: Insulating fluid for electrical equipment; Cooling fluid for electronic circuits

Uses advised against: This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use

where this fluid is in contact with products to be ingested.

1.3. DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEET

Supplier: DSI VENTURES, INC.

1320 E. Commerce St. Tyler, TX 75702

USA

Product Technical Information: (903) 526-7577

E-Mail: Sales@dsiventures.com
Website: http://dsiventues.com

1.4. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

CHEMTREC (24 Hours) (800) 424-9300

Telephone:

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Aspiration toxicant: Category1; H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

2.2. LABEL ELEMENTS



Revision Date: 18 Dec., 2019

Page 2 of 13

•

# **Pictograms:**



Signal Word: Danger

### **Hazard Statements:**

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# **Precautionary Statements:**

P273: Avoid release to environment.

P301 + P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P331: Do NOT induce vomiting.

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local regulations.

**Contains:** hydrotreated petroleum oils

# 2.3. OTHER HAZARDS

# **Physical / Chemical Hazards:**

No significant hazards.

# **Health Hazards:**

High-pressure injection under skin may cause serious damage. Airborne low-viscosity petroleum oils can affect lungs.

### **Environmental Hazards:**

No significant hazards. Material is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT) nor considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).



Revision Date: 18 Dec., 2019

Page 3 of 13

# **SECTION 3**

### **COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

### 3.1. SUBSTANCES

This material is regulated as a mixture.

### 3.2. MIXTURES

This material is defined as a mixture

# Reportable hazardous substance(s) complying with the classification criteria and/or with an exposure limit (OEL)

1 - /					
Name	CAS#	EC#	Registration#	Concentration w/w	GHS/CLP classification
Synthetic hydrotreated white mineral oil	8042-47-5	232-455-8	01-2119487078- 27-0010	0 - 100%	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
3,5-di-tert butyl-4hydroxyhydrocinnamic acid, C7-9-branched alkyl esters	125643-61-0	406-040-9	01-0000015551- 76-0000	0-2%	Aquatic Chronic 4 H413

Name	CAS#	EC#	Registration#	Concentration*	DSD Symbols/Risk Phrases
Synthetic hydrotreated white mineral oil	8042-47-5	232-455-8	01-2119487078- 27-0010	0 - 100%	Xn;R65
3,5-di-tert butyl-4hydroxyhydrocinnamic acid, C7-9-branched alkyl esters	125643-61-0	406-040-9	01-0000015551- 76-0000	0-2%	Xn;R53

Note: See SDS Section 16 for full text of hazard statements and risk phrases.

# **SECTION 4**

# **FIRST AID MEASURES**

# 4.1. DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES

### **INHALATION**

Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### **SKIN CONTACT**

Wash contact areas with soap and water. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

### **EYE CONTACT**

Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

### **INGESTION**

Seek immediate medical attention. Do not induce vomiting.



Revision Date: 18 Dec., 2019

Page 4 of 13

9

# 4.2. MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED

Headache, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea and other CNS effects. Local necrosis as evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours after injection.

### 4.3. INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED

If ingested, material may be aspirated into the lungs and cause chemical pneumonitis. Treat appropriately.

# **SECTION 5**

### FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

### **5.1. EXTINGUISHING MEDIA**

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Straight streams of water

### 5.2. SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

Hazardous Combustion Products: Smoke, Fume, Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon

### **5.3. ADVICE FOR FIRE FIGHTERS**

**Fire Fighting Instructions:** Evacuate area. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply. Fire-fighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

**Unusual Fire Hazards:** Hazardous material. Firefighters should consider protective equipment indicated in Section 8.

### FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES

Flash Point [Method]: 135°C (275°F) [ASTM D-92]

Upper/Lower Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): UEL: No data available LEL: No data

available

Autoignition Temperature: No data available

# **SECTION 6**

# **ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

# 6.1. PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

### **NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES**

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

# **PROTECTIVE MEASURES**

Avoid contact with spilled material. Warn or evacuate occupants in surrounding and downwind areas if required, due to toxicity or flammability of the material. See Section 5 for fire fighting information. See the Hazard Identification Section for Significant Hazards. See Section 4 for First Aid Advice. See Section 8 for advice on the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. Additional protective measures may be necessary, depending on the specific circumstances and/or the expert judgment of the emergency



Revision Date: 18 Dec., 2019

Page 5 of 13

responders.

### 6.2. ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Large Spills: Dyke far ahead of liquid spill for later recovery and disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

### 6.3. METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP

**Land Spill:** Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Recover by pumping or with suitable absorbent.

**Water Spill:** Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Warn other shipping. Remove from the surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. Seek the advice of a specialist before using dispersants.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

### 6.4. REFERENCES TO OTHER SECTIONS

See Section 6.1.

### **SECTION 7**

### HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1. PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

Avoid breathing mists or vapor. Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard. Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source). When the material is handled in bulk, an electrical spark could ignite any flammable vapors from liquids or residues that may be present (e.g., during switch-loading operations). Use proper bonding and/or grounding procedures. However, bonding and grounding may not eliminate the hazard from static accumulation. Consult local applicable standards for guidance. Additional references include American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practice on Static Electricity) or CENELEC CLC/TR 50404 (Electrostatics - Code of practice for the avoidance of hazards due to static electricity).

Static Accumulator: This material is a static accumulator.

# 7.2. CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES

The container choice, for example storage vessel, may effect static accumulation and dissipation. Do not store in open or unlabeled containers.

**7.3. SPECIFIC END USES:** Section 1 informs about identified end-uses. No industrial or sector specific guidance available.



Revision Date: 18 Dec., 2019

Page 6 of 13

# **SECTION 8**

# **EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### 8.1. CONTROL PARAMETERS

### **EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES**

# **Exposure limits/standards**

Substance Name	Form Limit/Standard		Note	
Synthetic hydrotreated white mineral oil	Aerosols (thoracic fraction)	TWA	5 mg/m3	
3,5-di-tert butyl-4hydroxyhydrocinnamic acid, C7-9-branched alkyl esters	No data available			

# **DERIVED NO EFFECT LEVEL (DNEL)**

### Worker

Substance Name	Exposure	Value	Effects
Synthetic hydrotreated white mineral oil	Short term inhalation	4300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Systemic
	Long term dermal	2.9 mg/kg bw/day	Systemic
	Long term inhalation	68 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Systemic

### Consumer

Substance Name	Exposure	Value	Effects
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Short term inhalation	2600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Systemic
	Long term dermal	1.3 mg/kg bw/day	Systemic
	Long term inhalation	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Systemic

Summary:

Long term systemic effects include non-reproductive effects and developmental/reproductive effects. Lowest DNEL is shown.

### **8.2. EXPOSURE CONTROLS**

### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Control measures to consider: Adequate ventilation should be provided whenever the material is heated or mists are generated.

# PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.



Revision Date: 18 Dec., 2019

Page 7 of 13

·

**Respiratory Protection:** If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable. Types of respirators to be considered for this material include:

Particulate air-purifying respirator approved for dust or oil mist is recommended.

For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator, operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapor warning properties are poor, or if air purifying filter capacity/rating may be exceeded.

**Hand Protection:** Chemical resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. >8 hours (breakthrough time): neoprene, nitrile, Viton®.

Eye Protection: If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

**Skin and Body Protection:** In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid skin contact.

**Specific Hygiene Measures:** Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

### **ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS**

Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water and soil. Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit emissions.



Revision Date: 18 Dec., 2019

Page 8 of 13

# **SECTION 9**

### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

### 9.1. INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Liquid Color: Clear and Bright

Odor: Odorless or very mild petroleum like

Odor Threshold: No data available

pH: No data available

**Melting Point:** No data available **Freezing Point:** No data available

Initial Boiling Point / and Boiling Range: No data available Flash Point [Method]: 135°C (275°F) [ASTM D-92] Evaporation Rate (n-butyl acetate = 1): No data available

Flammability (Solid, Gas): Not applicable

Upper/Lower Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): UEL: No data available LEL: No data

available

Vapor Pressure: No data available

**Vapor Density (Air = 1):** No data available **Relative Density (at 15 °C):** 0.845 kg/L

Solubility(ies): water Negligible

Partition coefficient (n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient): No data available

**Autoignition Temperature:** No data available **Decomposition Temperature:** No data available **Viscosity:** 3.7 cSt at 40°C | 1.4 cSt at 100°C

**Explosive Properties:** None **Oxidizing Properties:** None

### 9.2. OTHER INFORMATION

**Pour Point:** -57°C (-71°F) [test method unavailable]

### **SECTION 10**

### STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. REACTIVITY: See sub-sections below.

**10.2. CHEMICAL STABILITY:** Material is stable under normal conditions.

10.3. POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**10.4. CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** Excessive heat. High energy sources of ignition.

10.5. INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Strong oxidizers

10.6. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon oxides.



Product Name: OptiCool-H Fluid Revision Date: 18 Dec., 2019 Page 9 of 13

# **SECTION 11**

# TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# 11.1. INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS

Hazard Class	Conclusion / Remarks		
Inhalation			
Acute Toxicity: (Rat) 4 hour(s) LC50 < 5 mg/l (Aerosol)	Moderately toxic. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 403		
Irritation (Rat): No end point data.	Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form vapors, mist, or fumes which may be irritating to the eyes, nose, throat, or lungs. Based on test data for structurally similar materials.		
Ingestion			
Acute Toxicity (Rat): LD50 > 2000 mg/kg Test scores or other study results do not meet criteria for classification.	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 401 420 423		
Skin			
Acute Toxicity (Rabbit): LD50 > 5000 mg/kg Test scores or other study results do not meet criteria for classification.	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 402		
Skin Corrosion/Irritation (Rabbit): Data available. Test scores or other study results do not meet criteria for classification.	Negligible irritation to skin at ambient temperatures. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 404		
Eye			
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation (Rabbit): Data available. Test scores or other study results do not meet criteria for classification.	May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 405		
Sensitization	Net consiste data has a consistent and selections		
Respiratory Sensitization: No end point data.	Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.		
Skin Sensitization: Data available. Test scores or other study results do not meet criteria for classification.	Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 406 429		
Aspiration: Data available.	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Based on physico- chemical properties of the material.		
Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Data available. Test scores or other study results do not meet criteria for classification.	Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471 473 474 476		
Carcinogenicity: No end point data.	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.		
Reproductive Toxicity: Data available.	Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant. Based on test data for		
Test scores or other study results do not meet criteria for classification.	structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 415		
Lactation: No end point data.	Not expected to cause harm to breast-fed children.		
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)			
Single Exposure: No end point data.	Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure.		
Repeated Exposure: No data available.			



Revision Date: 18 Dec., 2019

Page 10 of 13

# OTHER INFORMATION

# For the product itself:

Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or from vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary edema.

### Contains:

Hydrotreated petroleum oils: Acute exposures to high aerosol levels are harmful to lungs.

# **SECTION 12**

# **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

The information given is based on data available for the material, the components of the material, and similar materials.

# **12.1. TOXICITY**

Product/Ingrediant Name	Exposure	Organism Type	Test Results
Synthetic hydrotreated white mineral oil	-	Fish	NOEC 0.083 mg/l

# 12.2. PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

Material -- Expected to be inherently biodegradable

# 12.3. BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL - Not determined.

12.4. MOBILITY IN SOIL - Not determined.

# 12.5. PERSISTENCE, BIOACCUMULATION AND TOXICITY FOR SUBSTANCE(S)

This product is not, or does not contain, a substance that is a PBT or a vPvB.

# 12.6. OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS

No adverse effects are expected.



Revision Date: 18 Dec., 2019

Page 11 of 13

### **ECOLOGICAL DATA**

**Ecotoxicity** 

Test	Duration	Organism Type	Test Results
Aquatic - Acute Toxicity	72 hour(s)	Alga	NOELR 1000 mg/l

### **SECTION 13**

### **DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

### 13.1. WASTE TREATMENT METHODS

Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration at very high temperatures to prevent formation of undesirable combustion products.

**Empty Container Warning** Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

# **SECTION 14**

### TRANSPORT INFORMATION

LAND (ADR/RID): 14.1-14.6 Not Regulated for Land Transport

INLAND WATERWAYS (ADNR/ADN): 14.1-14.6 Not Regulated for Inland Waterways Transport

SEA (IMDG): 14.1-14.6 Not Regulated for Sea Transport according to IMDG-Code

SEA (MARPOL 73/78 Convention - Annex II):

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not classified according to Annex II

AIR (IATA): 14.1-14.6 Not Regulated for Air Transport

HTS Code: 2710.19.4545 Insulating or transformer oil

**SECTION 15** 

**REGULATORY INFORMATION** 

REGULATORY STATUS AND APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS



Revision Date: 18 Dec., 2019

Page 12 of 13

Complies with the following national/regional chemical inventory requirements: IECSC, PICCS, ENCS,

KECI, TSCA, DSL, AICS, NZIoC

### SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

### List of abbreviations and acronyms that could be (but not necessarily are) used in this safety data sheet:

Acronym Full text

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

ASTM ASTM International, originally known as the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)

DSL Domestic Substance List (Canada)

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances

ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS Existing and new Chemical Substances (Japanese inventory)

IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China

KECI Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory
NDSL Non-Domestic Substances List (Canada)
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TLV Threshold Limit Value (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

TSCA Toxic Substances Control Act (U.S. inventory)

UVCB Substances of Unknown or Variable composition, Complex reaction products or Biological materials

LC Lethal Concentration
LD Lethal Dose
LL Lethal Loading
EC Effective Concentration
EL Effective Loading

NOEC No Observable Effect Concentration
NOELR No Observable Effect Loading Rate

# KEY TO THE RISK CODES CONTAINED IN SECTION 2 AND 3 OF THIS DOCUMENT (for information only):

R53; May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R65; Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

### KEY TO THE H-CODES CONTAINED IN SECTION 3 OF THIS DOCUMENT (for information only):

Asp. Tox. 1 H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways;

Aquatic Chronic 4 H413: May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life; Chronic Env Tox, Cat 4

### THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING REVISIONS:

Safety Data Sheet updated in accordance with the provisions of OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200.

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by DSI Ventures, Inc. in order to help the users of OptiCool fluid. The data contained herein is believed to be accurate, but no guarantees are given with regard to fitness of use in a particular situation.

Effective Date: January 2, 2012
Revision Date: March 1, 2016
Revision Date: August 1, 2017
Revision Date: December 18, 2019

Revised by David Childs



Product Name: OptiCool-H Fluid Revision Date: 18 Dec., 2019 Page 13 of 13