



Adding value to your formulations

**END USES** 

Raw material for ashless dispersants, fuel

and gasoline additives,

stretch film, dielectric

fluids, cosmetics and personal care.

Food-grade greases,

aerospace lubricants.

Raw materials for

surfactants and synthetic

sulfonates and base oil

for specialty lubricants

Used in agriculture and

Dispersants, bright stock

fuel lubricity, fuel moisture

4-stroke engine additives.

Lubricants for refrigeration,

air conditioning and heat

Underground transmission

cables including low-

pressure self-contained

and high-pressure pipe-

type power transmission

cables: also products for

cable impregnation, cable

splicing and power cables.

pump compressors.

pour point depressants,

tackifiers and viscosity

replacement, greases,

performance boosters,

control, 2-stroke and

electronic components and

and functional fluids.

equipment.

modifiers.

automotive, industrial and

telecom cables.

sealants, adhesives, blown

lubricants, caulks,

**ADVANTAGES** 

lubricity, imparts tackiness

protection, burns without

stability and outstanding

Non-toxic, non-drying,

or adhesion, corrosion

residue, good thermal

dielectric properties.

High viscosity index,

food-grade approval,

superior oxidative and

temperature properties

and non-toxic.

thermal stability, good low

Superior low temperature

stability, compatible with

elastomers, seal swell and

properties, excellent

improved solubility.

Good quality, high

most of which are

needs.

performance additives

made from Soltex's core

alkylate and polybutene

chemistries, this allows

flexibility to tailor products

and blends to customers'

Superior low temperature

properties, low flocculant

point, low foaming, good

lubrication, thermal

compatibility with elastomers, metals and

other fluids.

dissipation.

stability and excellent

Low power factor, high

excellent oxidation stability,

exceptional resistance to

gassing under electrical

stress and superior heat

dielectric strength,

oxidative and thermal

## Acetylene Black

PRODUCTS

DESCRIPTION

Viscous, non-drying liquid

Polyaphaolefins (PAO's)

are hydrogenated olefin

oligomers manufactured

polymerization of linear

products are colorless liquids with well-defined, wax-free isoparaffinic

Branched alkylbenzene

benzene with various

propylene oligomers.

produced by reacting

of different molecular weight products.

includes polymeric

modifiers, tackifiers,

VII/PPD, anti-wear/

EP, grease additives.

and packages for the

lubricants market.

(BAB) produced by reacting

Linear alkylbenzene (LAB)

benzene with linear alpha

Soltex's line of additives

dispersants, detergents,

antioxidants, food grade

Alkylate based synthetic

Soltex offers alkylate/

insulating oils that are

provide optimum high

protection in service.

of construction and

compatible with materials

oxidative/thermal stability

during manufacture and

polybutene based

refrigerator compressor oils.

olefins. Available in a range

by the catalytic

structures.

alpha olefins. PAO

butylene polymers.

**PRODUCT LINE** 

Polybutenes

**Polyalphaolefins** 

**Alkylate Fluids** 

Performance

Chemical

Additives

Refrigeration

Fluids

**Dielectric Fluids** 



Chemical Additives



Polyalphaolefins



Fluids

Refrigeration Fluids



Dielectric Fluids



Transformer Fluids



Cable Flood, Fill & Gels







Fumed Silica





Carboxvlates

Soltex, Inc. | 3707 FM 1960 West, Suite 560, Houston, TX 77068 | P: 281.587.0900 | F: 281.587.1998 | soltexinc.com







Adding value to your formulations

Acetylene Black



Performance Chemical Additives



Polyalpha-olefins



Alkylate Fluids



Refrigeration Fluids



Dielectric Fluids



Transformer Fluids



Cable Flood, Fill & Gels





Corrosion Inhibitors



Fumed Silica







Soltex, Inc. | 3707 FM 1960 West, Suite 560, Houston, TX 77068 | P: 281.587.0900 | F: 281.587.1998 | soltexinc.com



PRODUCT LINE	DESCRIPTION	ADVANTAGES	END USES
Transformer Fluids	Soltex supplies Type I and II naphthenic-based transformer fluids and also natural and synthetic ester-based fluids.	Type I and II naphthenic fluids have a long history of successful use with OEMs and also utilities. Natural and synthetic esters are readily biodegradable and have high fire points.	Power and distribution transformers and electrical appliances associated with the transmission of power.
Cable Flood, Fill and Gels	Synthetic hydrocarbon fluids that provide oxidation inhibition and prevention of moisture ingress in telecom cables.	Excellent moisture barrier and antioxidancy. Assures electrical properties for optimum fiber optic cable performance and provides good compatibility with polymers used in cable construction.	Impregnants that inhibit water ingress and migration in paired copper wire and fiber optic telecommunication cables.
Acetylene Black	Acetylene Black formed by an exothermic decomposition of acetylene gas, characterized by the highest degree of aggregation and crystalline orientation when compared with all types of carbon black. The carbon content is approximately 99.9%.	Excellent electrical properties, high absorption and purity.	Battery production, tires, rubber industry, coatings, sealants, greases and lubricants.
Corrosion Inhibitors	Gelled, thixotropic, crystalline calcium sulfonates in a variety of diluents, oil mineral spirits and water. Product designation - ThixoCal™.	High polarity allows for excellent wetting of surface with minimal preparation, crystalline structure forms moisture proof barrier. Most formulations leave soft 'self-healing' film.	Automotive undercoating, automotive inner-panel coating, exterior structural coatings, i.e. bridge decks, off road equipment, pipes and threads and steel sheet.
Fumed Silica	A low-density, high-surface- area powder produced from flame pyrolysis of silicon tetrachloride or quartz sand. It consists of microscopic droplets of amorphous silica that fuse into branched, three-dimensional secondary particles which then agglomerate into tertiary particles.	Increases viscosity and thixotropic behavior when used as a thickener and reinforcing filler. It also imparts rheopexy, anti- settling, anti-blocking, dispersing, fluidity, and anticorrosive properties.	A universal thickening agent in coatings, adhesives, sealants, elastomers, lubricants, greases and more. Also used as an anticaking agent in powders, a light-diffusing agent in cosmetics, and a light abrasive in products like toothpaste.
Metal Carboxylates	Organometallic salts formed by the reaction of copper or zinc and naphthenic acid dissolved in a hydrocarbon solvent.	Completely miscible in all base oils in all proportions, non-conductive, resists oxidation, light to medium viscosity and anti-wear properties.	Wood products, resins, veterinary pharmaceuticals, lubricant additives, fungicides, paints, inks and greases.
Tackifiers	Soltex tackifiers are a combination of high molecular weight polymers in selected mineral oils.	Additive to impart improved adhesion, ensure hydrodynamic lubrication, corrosion protection, prevents dripping and splashing during operations.	Bar and chain lubricants, compressor oils, greases and way lubricants.