S O L T E X SYNTHETIC OILS & LUBRICANTS OF TEXAS, INC. SOLTEX SOLVENTS, LTD.

Soltex Thixocal 5400

Safety Data Sheet

Revision Date: 09/08/2016 Date of issue: 09/08/2016 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier:
Product Form: Mixture
Product Name: Thixocal 5400
Product Code: Thixocal 5400
Intended Use of the Product

Use of the Substance/Mixture: Corrosion Preventive Compound. **Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party**

Company

Soltex Inc. (Synthetic Oils & Lubricants of Texas)

3707 FM 1960 W Ste. 560 Houston, TX 77068 (281)-587-0900 soltexinc.com

Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number: (800)-424-9300 (CHEMTREC); (281)-587-0900 (Other Safety Information)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the chemical in accordance with paragraph (d) of §1910.1200;

Hazardous Ingredients:

Mineral Spirits (hydrotreated light petroleum distillate) CAS RN: 64742-88-7

Summary of Risks:

<u>Mineral Spirits:</u> Millions of industrial workers in chemical process and allied industries have been exposed to mineral spirits with minimal serious health effects, aside from the drying, defatting (stripping away of your skin's protective fats and emolients), and irritant skin effects. However, overexposure can depress the central nervous system (CNS) with these symptoms: headache, dizziness, drowsiness, intoxication with euphoria, and possibly unconsciousness. Prolonged or repeated skin contact can cause dermatitis due to this mineral spirits' defatting effect or by sensitization.

EU Risk phrases

Symbols: Xn Harmful R phrases: R10 Flammable

R22 Harmful if swallowed R38 Irritating to skin

R52/53 Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment

Canadian WHIMS:

Class B Division 3 Combustible Liquid

HMIS and NFPA HAZARD INDEX

HMIS and NFPA RATINGS

Hazardous	4 - Severe	Health	1
Materials	3 - Serious	Flammability	2
Identification	2 - Moderate	Reactivity	0
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System 1 - Slight

0 - Minimal

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SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical	CAS RN
One or More	Trade Secrets
Oil Soluble Calcium Sulfonates	
Mineral Spirits	64742-88-7
Calcium Carbonate	471-34-1
Linseed oil	67746-08-1
Synthetic Resin	
One or More of the Following	64741-88-4
Mineral Oils,	64741-96-4
(Severally Treated):	64742-52-5
	64742-54-7

Note: Specific chemical identities and/or exact percentages have been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen and call a physician.

Eves May cause eye irritation. Flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Call a

physician.

Skin Contact Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Prolonged or repeated contact may

cause dermatitis (skin irritation).

If hot material contacts skin, immediately cool before attempting removal. Cool with water or

ice. Apply topical dressing. Severe blistered burns should be treated by a physician.

Ingestion Call a physician. Induce vomiting if victim is conscious. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person.

Note to Doctor Routes of entry: Eyes, skin, ingestion, inhalation of mist.

Target organs: Eyes, skin, respiratory system., central nervous system

Mineral Spirits: Aspiration of even a few milliliters of mineral spirits can be fatal! The resulting diffused chemical irritation of the lungs can progress to fatal pulmonary edema after aspiring liquid mineral spirits. To prevent their aspiration of freshly vomited solvent, carefully monitor persons who swallow mineral spirits. Consider intubation in treating any significant

ingestion.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Special hazards or procedures:

This product contains Mineral Spirits (Flash point (ASTM D-92): 105°F (41°C)). It is not exceedingly volatile, but will easily burn. Vapors may travel to an ignition source and flash back. Oxides of carbon (CO and CO₂) and sulfur (SO₂) will be given off while burning. This product will float upon water, so water spray is not a suitable extinguishing agent as it may cause fire to spread. See Extinguishing Media.

Protective equipment:

As in any fire, firefighters must be equipped to prevent breathing of vapors or products of combustion.

Wear an approved self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.

Extinguishing media:

Dry chemical, water fog, CO₂, foam, or sand/earth. Closed containers may be cooled with water.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Procedures for spill clean-up:

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Shut off leak and dike up large spills. Eliminate heat and ignition sources, provide optimum explosion-proof ventilation. Absorb with an inert material such as sand, soil or vermiculite. Sweep up absorbent and dispose according to regulatory requirements.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Keep drums tightly closed to prevent contamination. Avoid skin and eye contact. Wear recommended personal protection equipment. Discard or wash contaminated clothing before reuse. ATTENTION: Never use pressure to empty drums.

Storage:

Maximum storage temperature: below flash point of 105°F (41°C).

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation required:

Use additional ventilation if needed to control vapor concentrations particularly if a mist is generated or fumes from hot material are present. Maintain solvent below exposure limits in Section 11. Respiratory protection is required when levels exceed limits.

Respiratory protection:

None required if area adequately ventilated. Use appropriate respiratory protection if used in confined areas or when levels exceed limits. If used in an application where a mist may be generated, observe a TWA/PEL of 5 mg/m³ (OSHA, ACGIH) for a mineral oil mist. Use a respirator with dual organic vapor/mist and particulates cartridge if vapor concentration exceeds permissible exposure limit.

Skin protection:

Rubber or plastic solvent resistant gloves and aprons.

Eye protection:

Wear chemical safety goggles and/or a face shield. Contact lenses should not be worn.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical and chemical properties	Typical Values
Physical state at 25 °C:	Viscous liquid
Color:	Tan
Odor:	Slight, kerosene like
Changes in physical state at 1 bar:	No data available/none expected
Density at 16 °C (gm/cm ³):	> 1
Vapor pressure at 20 °C (mm Hg):	>2, based upon solvent
Vapor density (air = 1):	>4, based upon solvent
Viscosity at 40 °C (SUS):	>100
Solubility in H ₂ O at 25 °C:	negligible

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pH (1%): No data available

Flash point (ASTM D-92): 105°F (41°C)

Autoignition temperature: No data available

Flammability limits in air: Lower: 0.7 Upper: 6, based upon solvent

Volatile (by weight %) <30 %

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

This product is stable and not subject to hazardous polymerization.

Hazardous decomposition products:

Oxides of carbon (carbon monoxide carbon dioxide), oxides of hydrogen (water), oxides of sulfur (sulfur dioxide), and oxides of calcium are all formed from burning.

Incompatible materials:

Strong oxidizers such as hydrogen peroxide, oxidizing chlorine and bromine compounds (e.g. chlorine bleach), and chromic acid.

Conditions to avoid:

Oxidizing agents; skin and eye contact.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity:

May cause eye and skin irritation. The handling procedures and safety precautions in this MSDS should be followed to minimize employee exposure.

mineral oil mist: TWA/PEL of 5 mg/m³ (OSHA, ACGIH)

mineral spirits: Irritation, redness of skin and eyes; narcotic effects like dizziness, slurred speech, or drunkenness. Ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and abdominal pain. After ingestion, the primary concern is aspiration into the lungs. Signs of aspiration pneumonitis include: fever, shortness of breath, increased rate of respiration, and rales (an abnormal rattling sound in the throat). Inhaling this material may cause arrhythmia.

mineral spirits:

OSHA PEL: TWA-air: 500 ppm, 2900 mg/m 3

ACGIH TLV, 1989-90: TLV-TWA: 100 ppm, 525 mg/m 3

NIOSH REL, 1987: 10-hr TWA: 350 mg/m 3 15-min Ceiling: 1800 mg/m 3

Toxicity Data†: Cat, inhalation, LC Lo: 10 g/m 3 /2.5 hr

† See NIOSH, RTECS, for additional data with references to irritative effects.

Chronic toxicity for mineral spirits:

None reported in humans.

Carcinogenicity: Neither the NTP, IARC, nor OSHA lists mineral spirits as a carcinogen.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Overview No ecological information available

MobilityNo dataPersistenceNo dataBioaccumulationNo dataDegradabilityNo data

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SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

A hazardous waste (ignitable) if disposed of as is, by the definitions of the U.S. EPA. Dispose of properly complying with appropriate laws and regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

US Department of Transportation

Drums:

Not Regulated

Bulk:

Proper shipping Name: Petroleum Products, n.o.s.

Hazard Class: 3 ID Number: UN1268 Packaging Group: III

Outside the US:

Proper Shipping Name: Petroleum Products, n.o.s.

Class: 3

UN Number: UN1268 Packaging Group: III

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

EU labeling:

Symbols:	Xn	Harmful
R phrases:	R10	Flammable

R22 Harmful if swallowed R38 Irritating to skin

R52/53 Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in

the aquatic environment

S phrases: 2 Keep out of reach of children

36/37/39 'wear suitable clothing protective /wear suitable gloves/wear eye/face

protection'

24/25 'avoid contact with skin/ avoid contact with eyes'

26 'in case contact of with eyes rinse with plenty of water and seek medical

advice'

28 'after contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of "soap and

(soap and water) water"

In case of fire, never use water

(never use water)

EU labeling: Continued

Avoid release to the environment

Do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice and show this label

Canadian WHIMS:

Class B Division 3 Combustible Liquid

US OSHA Designations:

Mineral Spirits is listed as an Air Contaminant (29 CFR 1910.1000, Subpart Z)

EPA Hazardous Waste Number of D001 as per 40 CFR 261.21 "Characteristic of ignitability" " flash point less than 140 F"

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Chemical Inventory Information:

All the components of this product are listed in the following chemical inventories: TSCA (United States) EINECS (European Union), ENCS (Japan), AICS (Australia), DSL (Canada).

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision Date : 09/08/2016

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA

Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

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www.soltexinc.com

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

Soltex NA GHS SDS

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