

Safety Data Sheet Revision Date: 01/07/2016 Date of issue: 01/07/2016

Version: 1.1

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION <u>Product Identifier</u>

Product Form: Mixture Product Name: Thixocal 3000A

Product Code: Thixocal 3000A

Intended Use of the Product

Use of the Substance/Mixture: Corrosion Preventive Compound.

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

Soltex Inc. (Synthetic Oils & Lubricants of Texas) 3707 FM 1960 W Ste. 560 Houston, TX 77068 (281)-587-0900

soltexinc.com

Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : (800)-424-9300 (CHEMTREC); (281)-587-0900 (Other Safety Information)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

<u>Classification of the Substance or Mixture</u> (Classification of the chemical in accordance with paragraph (d) of §1910.1200)

Classification (GHS-US)

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2 Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2B Flammable Liquid Category 3

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (STOT) -

Single Exposure Category 3

Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)



Signal Word (GHS-US) Hazard Statements (GHS-US)	Warning. Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin and eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

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Response	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
	Specific treatment: None known
	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
	Use dry chemical, water fog, CO2, foam or sand/earth for extinction.
	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Ū	Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/ international regulation for hazardous wastes.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture		
Chemical Name	CAS #	%
Hydrotreated light distillate	64742-47-8	30 - 50
(Petroleum)		

Note: Specific chemical identities and/or exact percentages have been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation	If symptoms are experienced remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air and obtain medical advice.
Eyes	Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes retracting eyelids often. Tilt the head to prevent chemical from transferring to the uncontaminated eye. Get immediate medical attention.
Skin Contact	Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting and seek medical attention immediately. Provide medical care provider with this SDS. If vomiting occurs, lean victim forward to reduce risk of aspiration into lungs.
Note to Doctor	Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media	Use alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemical when fighting fires. Water or
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Fire and/or Explosion Hazards	Vapors may be ignited by sparks, flames or other sources of ignition if material is above the flash point giving rise to a fire (Class B). Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and flash back.Empty containers that retain product residue (liquid, solid/sludge, or vapor) can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose container to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. Any of these actions can potentially cause an explosion that may lead to injury or death.
Fire Fighting Methods and Protection	Do not enter fire area without proper protection including self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective equipment. Fight fire from a safe distance and a protected location due to the potential of hazardous vapors and decomposition products. Use appropriate methods for the surrounding fire.
Hazardous Combustion Products	Oxides of carbon, Formaldehyde, Hydrocarbons, Calcium oxides, Sulfur oxides.

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SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	No health effects expected from the clean-up of this material, if contact can be avoided. Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section VIII of this SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to appropriate waste containers. Use clean, non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. Collect and discard in accordance with local, state and national regulations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAG	Έ			
Precautions for safe handling	industrial hygiene practice thoroughly after handling.	s should be followed w Do not get in eyes, on nsferring material. "Em	osure. As with all chemicals, good when handling this material. Wash skin and clothing. Ground and apty" containers retain product ous.	
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in a cool dry place. I when not in use. Keep aw		ble materials.Keep container closed and flame.	
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents, St	rong acids, Strong alka	ilies, Amines	
Control parameters				
Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	ACGIH STEL	<u>OSHA PEL</u>	
Hydrotreated light distillate (Petroleum)	100 ppm		500 ppm	
Engineering Measures	whenhandling or using this must be designed to mee	s product to avoid over t the OSHA chemical sp exhaust ventilation, or o	ntrols are normally required exposure. Engineering controls pecific standard in 29 CFR 1910. Use other engineering controls to osure limits.	
Respiratory Protection	Proper ventilation (at a minimum) will be required when handling this product. Use respirators (NIOSH approved) only if ventilation cannot be used to eliminate symptoms or reduce the exposure to below acceptable levels. Follow a respiratory protection program that meets 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements whenever work place conditions warrant the use of a respirator.			
Eye Protection	Wear chemical splash goggles when handling this product. Additionally, wear a face shield when the possibility of splashing of liquid exists. Do not wear contact lenses. Have an eye wash station available.			
Skin Protection	contact, practice good per	sonal hygiene and wea loves. Wash hands and	l other exposed areas with mild	
Gloves	Chemically resistant glove	S.		
CECTION OF DUVELOAL AND CHEMICA				

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical StateViscous LiquidColorBrownOdorMild Petroleum Type

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (Cont.)

Odor Threshold	No data available.
pH	No data available.
Melting Point, °C	No data available.
Boiling Point, °C	No data available.
Flash Point	>=100°F(38°C)
Evaporation Rate	<1 (n-Butyl Acetate=1)
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	No data available
Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit,	0.7
% in air Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit, % in air Vapor Pressure Vapor Density Specific Gravity @ 25°C	No data available. >2mmHg >1 (Air=1) 0.94 g/ml
Solubility in Water	Negligible; 0-1%
Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient	No data available.
Autoignition Temperature	No data available.
Decomposition Temperature	No data available.
Viscosity	65,000 cP
Volatiles, % by weight	40
VOC, lb/gal	No data available.
VOC, grams/liter	No data available.

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SECTION 10: STABILITY	Y AND REAC				
Chemical stability S		Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.			
Possibility of hazardous reactions		Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.			
Conditions to avoid		Contamination. Elevated temperatures.			
Incompatible materials		Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids, Strong alkalies, Amines.			
Hazardous decompositio	azardous decomposition products Decomposition and hazardous decomposition products are unlikely.				
SECTION 11: TOXICOL	OGICAL INF	ORMATION			
Likely Routes of Entry	kely Routes of Entry Skin contact, Eye contact, Inhalation of mist.				
Target Organs Potential Affected by Exposure					
Chemical Interactions Th Toxicity	nat Change	No chemical interaction known to affect toxicity.			
Medical Conditions Agg	ravated	Skin contact may aggravate existing skin disease, Respiratory disease including asthma and bronchitis.			
Immediate (Acute) Healt Inhalation Irritation	Can cause m	Route of Exposure noderate respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea and headache.Other nptoms include; wheezing and coughing due to pulmonary edema (fluid build-up in lungs).			
Skin Contact	Can cause minor skin irritation, defatting, and dermatitis.				
Eye Contact	Can cause moderate irritation, tearing and reddening, but not likely to permanently injure eye tissue.				
Ingestion Toxicity	Harmful if swallowed.				

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Ingestion Toxicity	Irritating to mouth, throat, and stomach. Can cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.				
Long-Term (Chronic) He					
Carcinogenicity	Not listed by	ACGIH, IARC,	, NIOSH, NTP OR OSHA	Α.	
Inhalation	Upon prolonged and/or repeated exposure, can cause severe respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache and possible unconsciousness.				
Skin Contact	Upon prolong	Upon prolonged or repeated contact, can cause minor skin irritation, defatting, and dermatitis.			
Ingestion	Under normal industrial usage conditions, ingestion is highly unlikely.				
Component Toxicology Chemical Name Hydrotreated light distillate (Petroleum)	CAS	Number 42-47-8		bit > 2000 mg/kg Oral L LC50 (4h) Rat > 20 mg/	
ECTION 12: ECOLOG	ICAL INFORM	IATION			
Overview Mobility Persistence Bioaccumulation Degradability	No ecological informati No data No data No data No data No data		nation available		
Ecotoxicity Data Chemical Name	CAS Number		Aquatic EC50 Crustacea	Aquatic ERC50 Algae	Aquatic LC50 Fish
No data available					
ECTION 13: DISPOSA	AL CONSIDER	ATIONS			
Waste Description for S	pent Product	Spent or di	iscarded material may	be a hazardous waste.	
Disposal Methods		Dispose of	by incineration follow	ving Federal, State, Loca	al, or Provincial regulations.
Waste Disposal Code(s)		D001			
ECTION 14: TRANSP	ORT INFORM	ATION			
Full shipping name for E (any quantity unless fla or vessels of 119 GL or r	sh pt. >150°F)	UN1268, F	PETROLEUM DISTILLAT	ES, N.O.S., (Naphtha S	olvent), 3, PG III,
Domestic Ground in ves	sels < 119 gal.	Not Regula	ated		
ECTION 15: REGULA	TORY INFORI	MATION			
LCHON 13. NEGOLA					

DSL.

Regulation SARA 313

Percent

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision Date Other Information : 01/07/2016

: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document Synthetic Oils and Lubricants of Texas Suite 560 Houston, TX 77068 281-587-0900 www.soltexinc.com

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

Soltex NA GHS SDS